

Exam. Code : 105702

Subject Code : 1528

B.Sc. Information Technology Semester—II
PRINCIPLES OF DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Paper—III

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—75

Note : Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Using K-map, simplify :

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \sum(0, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 21, 25, 27, 29, 31).$$

Also design the circuit using NAND gates only.

2. Do the following :

(i) (250-213) using 1's complement.

(ii) Convert 100110101001 into octal code.

(iii) Convert $(57.12)_8$ into hexa-decimal.

(iv) Multiply $(234)_8$ with $(12.25)_8$.

3. (i) Convert $ABC+AB+BC+ABD$ to POS form.

(ii) Simplify $F = \sum(1, 2, 4, 6, 8)$ using Boolean algebra.

(iii) Convert $(A + B + \bar{C})(\bar{A} + B)(\bar{A} + \bar{B} + C)$ to SOP form.

4. (i) Implement a full-adder with two 4×1 multiplexers.
(ii) Design a binary of BCD encoder.
5. Design a Modulo-6 counter and explain its working.
What are the limitations of ripple counters ?
6. Discuss the limitations of SR flip flop and explain the working of master-slave flip-flop.
7. Write a note on PROMs. How is the address of a memory location selected when 4 memory chips each of size 4 Kbytes and 2 of size 16 Kbytes are connected.
8. (i) Differentiate EPROM and ROM.
(ii) Differentiate static and dynamic RAM.